

## Road to Revolution Study Guide

Event	Description
French and Indian War	France and Great Britain fought for land in the Ohio Valley. Both sides claimed the same land in North America. George Washington led the Virginians during the war. Britain won. King George believed that colonists should pay for the war so he passed many tax laws.
Stamp Act	Taxes added to all paper products sold in the colonies
Sugar Act	Taxes placed on sugar and molasses that was sold in the colonies
Townshend Acts	Taxed imports such as glass, tea, paper, and paint
Boston Massacre	Started with a snowball fight, and then British soldiers shot at colonists- 5 colonists killed
Committee of Correspondence	A group that sent messages out across colonies to inform them about British actions
Boston Tea Party	Colonists dressed as Native Americans and dumped 342 chests of British tea in Boston harbor
Intolerable Acts	King George passed these laws which closed Boston Harbor, said no public meetings, no self-governance, and required quartering of soldiers
First Continental Congress	A group that met together and wrote letters to King George complaining about the Intolerable Acts

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Boycott	Colonists refused to buy British goods
Lexington and Concord	Started Revolutionary War- Paul Revere alerted the minutemen
<b>Important Words</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
Representation	A voice in government, a say in government
Declaration of Independence	document that stated reasons that colonists wanted independence from British control -Thomas Jefferson was asked to write first draft- on July 4, 1776 Congress voted to accept it
Minutemen	Colonists ready to fight at a minute's notice
Sons of Liberty	Group of colonists that fought against laws passed by Britain

